



অনিক। কেউ নিজ অবস্থান পরিবর্তন না করলে শিবলী আর অনিকের মধ্যে দূরত্ব কত?

- A. ৬ গজ B. ১২ গজ
C. ১০ গজ D. ৮ গজ

78. জজসাহেব: আদালত: ডাক্তার?

- A. ক্লিনিক B. হাসপাতাল C. রোগী D. চেম্বার

79. মিলিটারী কোডে RASTER যদি RASRET হয় এবং VECTOR যদি হয় CEVTOR তাহলে REGIONAL কি হবে?

- A. IGERLAON B. IGERLOAN
C. IGERLANO D. IGERNOLA

80. ৫০ জন ছাত্রের একটি শ্রেণীতে রূপমের স্থান হচ্ছে শীর্ষ থেকে অষ্টম এবং হাসিবের স্থান হচ্ছে নিচ থেকে বিশতম। তাহলে রূপম ও হাসিবের মাঝে কতজন ছাত্র আছে?

- A. ২৩ B. ২৪ C. ২২ D. ২১

Answer Key: 1. 2. 3.C 4. B 5. C 6. C 7. C 8. A 9. D 10. A 11.B 12. B 13. D 14. A 15. B 16. C 17. A 18. D 19. A 20. B 21. C 22. B 23. A 24. B 25. A 26. C 27. B 28. B 29. D 30. C 31. B 32. D 33. C 34. B 35. B 36. D 37. A 38. B 39. D 40. A 41. D 42. B 43. A 44. B 45. C 46. C 47. C 48. B 49. A 50. A 51. B 52. B 53. B 54. C 55. D 56. B 57. D 58. B 59. C 60. C 61. B 62. B 63. A 64. C 65. (Note : 7.25) 66. D 67. A 68. D 69. D 70. B 71. D 72. C 73. C 74. B 75. A 76. D 77. C 78. B 79. B 80. D

জাহাঙ্গীরনগর বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

১ম বর্ষ স্নাতক সম্মান ভর্তি পরীক্ষা: ২০১৬-২০১৭

'F' ইউনিট

Seet-2

আইন অনুষদ

01. নিচের কোনটি আলাদা?

- A. অভিযোগ B. খালাস C. জামিন D. খুৎবা

02. সঠিক বাক্য কোনটি?

- A. যুদ্ধ শেষ হইল B. অতিশয় দুঃখ হইল
C. দেবী অন্তর্হিত হয়েছেন D. গোপন কথাটা শুন

03. নিচের কোন বাক্যটি অশুদ্ধ?

- A. সবিনয় পূর্বক নিবেদন করি B. ক্ষমা একটি মহৎ গুণ
C. তার অন্তর তিমিরাচ্ছন্ন D. সে ক্রোধাক্ত হইয়াছে

04. কোন বাক্য 'ভালো' বিশেষণরূপে ব্যবহৃত হয়েছে?

- A. আপন ভালো সবাই চায়
B. ভালোকে ভালো বলব না তো কি?
C. এখানে কি ভালোটা তুমি দেখলে?
D. ভালোকে সবাই পছন্দ করে

05. শুদ্ধ বানানগুচ্ছ কোনটি?

- A. আনুসঙ্গিক, গরুড় B. আনুষঙ্গিক, গরুড়
C. অনুসঙ্গিক, গরুড় D. আনুষঙ্গিক, গরুড়

06. চর্যাপদের কোন কবি রচিত পদটি পাওয়া যায় নি?

- A. তন্ত্রী পা B. কাহু পা C. বীণা পা D. শবর পা

07. রবীন্দ্রনাথের যেমন 'সঞ্চয়িতা', নজরুলের 'সঞ্চিতা'; জসীমউদ্দীনের তেমনি--

- A. সাহারা B. শ্রীমতি
C. সুচয়নী D. গীতি সঞ্চয়ন

08. বাংলা একাডেমী কর্তৃক প্রকাশিত মাসিক পত্রিকার নাম কি?

- A. চিন্তা B. রচনা C. লেখা D. উত্তরাধিকার

09. 'ডাকের বচন'-এ প্রাধান্য পেয়েছে কোনটি?

- A. জ্যোতিষ ও ক্ষেত্রতত্ত্ব B. কৃষি ও আবহাওয়া
C. সামাজিক প্রেক্ষাপট D. আদিবাসীদের জীবনচিত্র

10. 'নানা মূনির নানা মত' প্রবাদটির ইংরেজি রূপ কোনটি?

- A. All feet thread not in one shoe.
B. Great minds think alike.
C. Many men many minds.
D. (A) ও (C) উভয়ই

11. নিচের কোন বাক্যটি অশুদ্ধ নয়?

- A. তিনি এখন মৌন আছেন B. ইদানিং সাবকাশ নাই
C. তদুপে লিখিত হইল D. সাবধানপূর্বক চলবে

12. 'সূক্ত' শব্দের সঠিক সন্ধিবিচ্ছেদ কোনটি?

- A. সু+উক্ত B. সূ+উক্ত
C. সু+উক্ত D. সূ+উক্ত

13. 'আমারে দেখিতে যাইও কিন্তু উজান তলির গাঁ'-চিহ্নিত অংশের সঠিক কারক ও বিভক্তি নির্ণয় কর।

- A. অধিকরণে শূণ্য B. অপাদানে শূন্য
C. অধিকরণে ষষ্ঠী D. কর্মে ষষ্ঠী

14. নিচের কোন বাক্যটিতে 'যতি' চিহ্নের সঠিক ব্যবহার হয়েছে?

- A. বুধবার, ২১ শে নভেম্বর; ১৯৮৬
B. ৮৬, নিউ পল্টন, আজিমপুর, ঢাকা-১২০৫
C. লেখাপড়া করে যে- বাড়ি গাড়ি করে সে
D. আহ! কী করুণ দৃশ্য! জননী, আজ্ঞা দেহ যাই রণ স্থলে

15. 'চটকের মাংস' বাগধারাটি দিয়ে বোঝায়?

- A. সামান্য জিনিস B. দুর্লভ বস্তু
C. যুগিত ব্যক্তি D. হালকা খাবার

16. শরৎচন্দ্র চট্টোপাধ্যায় 'নারীর মূল্য' যে ছদ্মনামে লিখেছেন, সেটি হল-

- A. প্রমিলা দেবী B. ললিতা দেবী
C. নলিনী দেবী D. অনিলা দেবী





17. 'সে উঠানের কাঁঠাল তলায় বসে আপন মনে খুব খানিকটা বকে গেল।' কে?
A. খুড়ো B. জমির C. বুড়ি D. নাত-জামাই
18. সমাসের প্রতীতি কয়টি?
A. চারটি B. পাঁচটি C. তিনটি D. ছয়টি
19. 'আমার এ ঘর ভাঙিয়াছে যেবা আমি বাঁধি তার ঘর আপন করিতে কাঁদিয়া বেড়াই...'
A. যে মোরে দিয়েছে ঘর B. যে মোর ভেঙেছে ঘর
C. যে মোরে করেছে পর D. যে মোরে দিয়েছে বর
20. 'ছিয়াত্তরের মঙ্গলরের' পটভূমিকায় রচিত গ্রন্থ কোনটি?
A. আনন্দমঠ B. চন্দ্রশেখর C. রজনী D. সাম্য
21. 'যার নিজের ধর্মে বিশ্বাস আছে, যে নিজের ধর্মের সত্যকে চিনছে, সে কখনো অন্য ধর্মকে ঘৃণা করতে পারে না'- উক্তিটি কোন প্রবন্ধের?
A. ভুলের মূল্য B. জীবন ও বৃক্ষ
C. মানব-কল্যাণ D. আমার পথ
22. জীবনানন্দ দাশ রচিত 'কবিতার কথা' কি ধরনের সাহিত্যকর্ম?
A. প্রবন্ধ গ্রন্থ B. কাব্য গ্রন্থ C. উপন্যাস D. কাব্য নাটক
23. 'Perjury'-এর পারিভাষিক শব্দ কোনটি?
A. প্রত্যর্ষপত্র B. মিথ্যা সাক্ষ্য C. প্রান্তিক D. বন্ধক
24. 'যোজক' শব্দের বিপরীতার্থক শব্দ কোনটি?
A. বিয়োজক B. প্রণালি C. সংযোজক D. সংযতী
25. সে দ্রুত দৌড়াতে পারে- এখানে 'দ্রুত' কি পদ?
A. ভাবজ্ঞাপক ক্রিয়াবিশেষণ B. স্থানজ্ঞাপক ক্রিয়াবিশেষণ
C. সময়জ্ঞাপক ক্রিয়াবিশেষণ D. সংযোজক ক্রিয়াবিশেষণ

English Questions (26-50)

Read the following passage carefully and answer questions (26-30) :

The first English attempts to colonize North America were controlled by individuals rather than companies. Sir Humphrey Gilbert was the first Englishman to send colonists to the New World. His initial expedition, which sailed in 1578 with a patent granted by Queen Elizabeth, was defeated by the Spanish. A second attempt ended in disaster in 1583, when Gilbert and his ship were lost in a storm. In the following year, Gilbert's half brother, Sir Walter Raleigh, having obtained a renewal of the patent, sponsored an expedition that explored the coast of the region that he named "Virginia." Under Raleigh's direction efforts were then made to

establish a colony on Roanoke island in 1585 and 1587. The survivors of the first settlement on Roanoke returned to England in 1586, but the second group of colonists disappeared without leaving a trace. The failure of the Gilbert and Raleigh ventures made it clear that the tasks they had undertaken were too big for any one colonizer. Within a short time the trading company had supplanted the individual promoter of colonization.

26. **Which of the following would be the most appropriate title for the passage?**
A. The Regulation of Trading Companies
B. British - Spanish Rivalry in the New World
C. Early Attempts at Colonizing North America
D. Royal Patents Issued in the 16th Century
27. **The passage states which of the following about the first English people to be involved in establishing colonies in North America?**
A. They were requested to do so by Queen Elizabeth.
B. They were members of large trading companies.
C. They were immediately successful
D. They were acting on their own.
28. **According to the passage, which of the following statements about Sir Humphrey Gilbert is true?**
A. He never settled in North America
B. His trading company was given a patent by the queen.
C. He fought the Spanish twice.
D. He died in 1587.
29. **Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about members of the first Roanoke settlement?**
A. They explored the entire coastal region.
B. Some did not survive.
C. They named the area "Virginia"
D. Most were not experienced sailors.
30. **According to the passage, which of the following statements about the second settlement on Roanoke Island is true?**
A. Its settlers all gave up and returned to England.





- B. It lasted for several years.
- C. The fate of its inhabitants is unknown.
- D. It was conquered by the Spanish.

Complete the sentence in questions 31-32

31. _____ is caused by a virus was not known until 1911.

- A. That measles B. As measles
- C. Measles D. What if measles

32. It has been estimated that _____ species of animals.

- A. there are over a million
- B. It is a million or more
- C. more than a million
- D. are over a million of

Pin point the error in questions 33-35

33. Although the social sciences different a great deal

- A B
- from one another, they share a common interest
- C D
- in human relationships.

34. Any group that conducting its meeting is in

- A B
- parliamentary rules will encounter situations
- C
- where prescribed procedures cannot be applied.
- D

35. "The publishers insisted that the author should pay half the cost of the initial print run of his controversial new book".

Which correction should be made to this sentence?

- A. Replace that with on
- B. Replace of with for
- C. Remove should
- D. Insert actual before cost

Choose the best option to make a pair matching the pair given in the questions 36-37

36. Oceans: Desert:: Waves:?

- A. Dust B. Sand-dunes
- C. Ripples D. Sea

37. Forecast: Future:: Regret:?

- A. Present B. Aton C. Past D. Sin

Find out the best substitute of the given phrase.

38. A person who has just started learning.

- A. Foreman B. Novice
- C. Supervisor D. Apprentice

39. A disease which ends in death.

- A. cancer B. deadly
- C. fatal D. life sucking

Select the best version of the underlined part of the sentence in questions 40-41

40. Walking by the corner the other day, a child, I noticed, was watching for the light to change.

- A. a child, I noticed, was watching
- B. I noticed a child watching
- C. a child was watching, I noticed
- D. there was, I noticed, a child watching

41. For a snake, shedding their skin up to eight times a year is part of a natural process.

- A. For a snake, shedding their skin
- B. A snake's shedding its skin
- C. When a snake sheds its skin
- D. To shed its skin, for snakes

Rewrite the sentence starting with the part given and underlined below, keeping the meaning unchanged in questions 42-43.

42. The band began to play, and then the real party started.

The real party started

- A. after the band began
- B. and the band began
- C. although the band began
- D. the band beginning

43. Chris heard no unusual noises when he listened in the park. Listening in the park.

- A. no unusual noises could be heard
- B. then Chris heard no unusual noises
- C. and hearing no unusual noises
- D. Chris heard no unusual noises

44. Answer the question based on what is stated or implied in the statement or passage.





With varying success, many women around the world today struggle for equal rights. Historically, women have achieved greater equality with men during periods of social adversity- revolution, war, and the rigours of pioneering in an undeveloped land. The essential element that improved the status of women was a shortage of men. We can conclude that-

- A. women today are highly successful in winning equal rights.
- B. only pioneer women have been considered equal to men.
- C. historically, women have only achieved equality through force
- D. historically, equality alone has not been enough to secure women rights.

Identify the most appropriate relationship between the two underlined sentences

45. Social studies focus on the complexity of our social environment.

The subject combines the study of history and the social sciences.

What does the second sentence do?

- A. It expands on the first sentence.
- B. It makes a contrast.
- C. It proposes a solution.
- D. It states an effect.

Select appropriate phrase and idioms

46. 'Pardon my French but you are dirty'. Here 'pardon my French' means

- A. Excuse for swear words
- B. Excuse for failure
- C. Excuse for absence
- D. Excuse for being dirty

Which of the following options constitutes a complete and meaningful sentence?

47. It is a rule

- (P) by anyone and admit
- (Q) that must not
- (R) of no variation
- (S) be violated

- A. QSPR
- B. PSQR
- C. QPRS
- D. RQPS

48. Money, as a means of exchange, is becoming less common in modern societies all over the world. Every year, a higher percentage of purchases are made online, and even in stores customers are now using credit cards. Many people today do all of their banking on the Internet.

The author of the passage probably assumes that

- A. cash will become obsolete in the near future
- B. using cash will become popular again
- C. paying with credit cards all the time is dangerous
- D. societies that do business online will struggle

Change the speech

49. The teacher said to mukesh, "Congratulations! Wish you success in life."

- A. The teacher to congratulated Mukesh and wished him success in life
- B. The teacher congratulated Mukesh and wished him success in life
- C. The teacher wished congratulations and success in life to Mukesh
- D. the teacher congratulated Mukesh and said with you success in life

Change the voice

50. Who is creating this mess?

- A. Who has been created this mess?
- B. By whom has this mess been created?
- C. By whom this mess is being created?
- D. By whom is this mess being created?

General Knowledge and Aptitude Test (Q.51-80)

51. 'Bar' is a unit of-

- A. Humidity
- B. Alcohol content
- C. Pressure
- D. Depth

52. Each of the following personalities was victims of assassination except one. Mark the exception.

- A. Indira Gandhi
- B. John F.Kennedy
- C. Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
- D. Abraham Lincoln

53. Since the Parliament was not in session, the President promulgated a/an _____ in view of urgency.

- A. Act
- B. Order
- C. Ordinance
- D. Statute





54. **Treatment of Dengue fever may require-**
A. Platelet transfusion
B. Antibiotics
C. Administration of
D. All of the above propanolol
55. **Which of the following is least like the others?**
A. Pyramid
B. Circle
C. Cube
D. Cylinder
56. **Permanent Court of International Justice was established under**
A. League of Nations
B. UNO
C. European Union
D. None of these
57. **A "Vassal State" is the one which is-**
A. situated on the sea shore
B. under the suzerainty of another state
C. an independent state
D. none of these
58. **Recession is-**
A. Slowing down of economic activity over a limited period.
B. Period that results from accumulation of unsold goods, owing to fall in demand.
C. Period during which unemployment may rise and demand and output may fall, leading to slump in trade.
D. All of the above.
59. **The Constitution of Bangladesh does not promise-**
A. Equality before law
B. Equal protection of Law
C. Non-discrimination
D. Capitalism
60. **Which of the following institutions is a part of the local government in Bangladesh?**
A. Zila Porishad
B. Upozila Porishad
C. Union Council
D. All of the above
61. **Which is not a likely cause of this situation? "I can't turn on the lamp in the family room!"**
A. The lamp isn't plugged into an electrical outlet.
B. We just bought a new couch in a color that matches the lamp.
C. There's a power outage in the neighborhood.
D. The light bulb in the lamp has burned out.
62. **Which is not a sound argument?**
A. Sabrina wanted to be a better figure skater, so she took extra lessons and practiced every day. Her skating improved so much that she entered a competition.
B. Yesterday, a black cat ran in front of me, and later I lost my wallet. If I don't see that black cat today, I would not have any bad luck.
C. We had a storm last night with hurricane-strength winds, and many trees were downed. There was a citywide power outage.
D. On a clear day, I can see the top of Murphy Monument from my house. If it is clear tomorrow, I will be able to see the monument.
63. **Who had defeated the Mughal army chief Man Singh?**
A. Musa Khan
B. Kedar Rai
C. Sher Khan
D. Isa Khan
64. **LAN is an abbreviation for-**
A. Large Access Network
B. Local Access Network
C. Large Area Network
D. Local Area Network
65. **Inequality-**
A. Creates new challenges in terms of domestic social stability, migration, and political violence.
B. Has become more important as globalization empowers sub-state actors.
C. Has caused scholars to reconsider the helpfulness of the term Third World.
D. All of the options given are correct.
66. **If you rearrange the letters CIFAIP you would have the name of an-**
A. City
B. Animal
C. Ocean
D. River
67. **Choose the number that is 1/4 of 1/2 of 1/5 of 200.**
A. 2
B. 5
C. 10
D. 25
68. **Which is the largest living bird on Earth?**
A. Emu
B. Ostrich
C. Albatross
D. Siberian Crane
69. **During the Non-Cooperation Movement, which award did Mahatma Gandhi return?**
A. Knighthood
B. Rai Bahadur
C. Kaiser-e-Hind
D. Hind Kesari
70. **Satyajit Ray won Oscar in they year-**
A. 1992
B. 1994
C. 1986
D. 1990
71. **Polio virus is primarily transmitted via-**
A. Contaminated food and water
B. Mosquito bite
C. Contaminated air
D. Mother to foetus





72. **Republican Party is-**
 A. one of the important parties in USA
 B. the political parties which has no definite principles
 C. the political party which changes with the change in the times and circumstances in the country.
 D. All of the above.
73. **'Plebiscite' is a term related to...**
 A. Law B. Politics
 C. Admission D. Students
74. **Which of the followings is an oil painting by Zainul Abedin?**
 A. Sangram B. Harvest
 C. Famine D. None of the above
75. **Who authored "Kitab Tarih Al-Hind" (History of India)**
 A. Al Biruni B. Ibn Battuta
 C. Anil Kumar Gain D. Abul Fazal
76. **Who was not a member of the Freedom of Intellect Movement?**
 A. Rabindranath Tagore
 B. Qazi Motahar Hossain
 C. Kazi Nazrul Islam
 D. Kazi Abdul Wadud
77. **Which of the following statements is true?**
 A. The people of Bangladesh shall be known as *Bangalees* as a nation.
 B. The citizens of Bangladesh shall be known as *Bangladeshies*.
 C. *Bangalee* nationalism is based on culture and language.
 D. All of the above.
78. **The Winter Olympics started in -**
 A. 1924 B. 1928 C. 1932 D. 1936
79. **Who is the first Bangladeshi cricketer to take a hat trick in One Day Internationals?**
 A. Abdur Razzak B. Alok Kapali
 C. Shahadat Hossain D. Rubel Hossain

Answer Key: 1. D 2. C 3. B 4. B 5. D 6. A 7. C 8. D 9. B 10. C 11. A 12. A 13. A 14. B 15. B 16. D 17. C 18. A 19. C 20. A 21. D 22. A 23. B 24. B 25. A 26. C 27. A 28. B 29. C 30. A 31. A 32. A 33. B 34. B 35. C 36. A 37. D 38. B 39. D 40. D 41. C 42. A 43. D 44. D 45. A 46. A 47. A 48. A 49. B 50. D 51. C 52. C 53. C 54. B 55. B 56. B 57. B 58. D 59. D 60. D 61. B 62. B, 63. D 64. D 65. A 66. C 67. B 68. C 69. C 70. A 71. B 72. A 73. A 74. A 75. A 76. A 77. D 78. A 79. C

জাহাঙ্গীরনগর বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়

প্রথম বর্ষ স্নাতক সম্মান ভর্তি পরীক্ষা ২০১৫-২০১৬

ইউনিট C-3 (ইতিহাস বিভাগ)

কলা ও মানবিকী অনুষদ Set Code -1

সময়: ৬০ মিনিট

পূর্ণমান- ৮০

'Herodotus is the Father of History'

Read the following passage and answer the questions below (1-4) :

Religion was of paramount concern to the Egyptian people, and it was extremely complex in character. It concerned the worship of many gods, such as Ra, the sun deity, Osiris, the god of water Isis, the great Mother, and many animal-headed gods. At first Ra was the most important, but with the rise of Thebes in political importance a place had to be found for its deity, Amun. The supreme god, therefore, became time of the Empire, Amenhotep-iv, who adopted the name of Ikhnotion, tried unsuccessfully to sup-plant Amun-Ra and the confusing multiplicity of minor gods by substituting a religion based on the deity, a sun god called Aton.

01. মিশরীয়দের ধর্ম বিশ্বাস ছিল-
 A. একেশ্বরবাদী B. বহু ঈশ্বরবাদী
 C. নাস্তিকতাবাদী D. অগ্নি-পূজাবাদী
02. দেবতা আমন ছিলেন-
 A. নীল নদের দেবতা B. সূর্য দেবতা
 C. সিন্ধু নদের দেবতা D. থেবস্ এর দেবতা
03. মিশরে একেশ্বরবাদের প্রচলন করেন-
 A. ৪র্থ আমেন হোটেপ B. ইখনাটন
 C. আমেন হোটেপ ও ইখনাটন D. উত্তর : A ও B
04. ইখনাটন আমন-রে কে-
 A. উচ্ছেদ করেন B. প্রতিষ্ঠিত করেন
 C. হত্যা করেন D. আহত করেন
05. বাংলা ভাষার উদ্ভব ও বিকাশের বিস্তৃত ইতিহাস রচনা করেন-
 A. রাজা রামমোহন রায় B. প্রমথ চৌধুরী
 C. সুনীতি কুমার চট্টোপাধ্যায় D. ড. মুহম্মদ শহীদুল্লাহ
06. বাংলা লিপির উৎস-
 A. শিলা লিপি B. ব্রাহ্মীলিপি C. খরোষ্ঠীলিপি D. কিউনিফর্ম
7. শুদ্ধ বাক্য-
 A. শহিদ মিনারের পাশে ইংরেজি বিভাগ
 B. নদীর জলহ্রাস হয়েছে। C. নিরোগী লোক প্রকৃত সুখী।
 D. শুধু মাত্র তুমি গেলেই হবে।
8. বঙ্কিমচন্দ্র চট্টোপাধ্যায়ের ইংরেজি উপন্যাস-
 A. Rajmohons Wife B. Rajnarayon wife
 C. Rammohons wife D. কোনোটিই নয়।
9. শুদ্ধ বানান-
 A. মুরকি B. পূণ্যশ্লোক C. পরিষ্কার D. কোনোটিই নয়।
10. বাক্যে সম্বোধন পদ থাকলে পরে বসে-
 A. , B. | C. - D. ;

Read the following passage and answer the questions 11-14.

Throughout history the search for salt has played an important role in society. Where it was scarce, salt was traded ounce for ounce with gold. Rome's major highway was called the Via Salaria, that is the salt road. Along the road, roman soldiers transported salt crystals from the salt flats at Ostia up the Tiber River. In return, they received a salarium or salary, which was literally money paid to soldiers to buy salt. The old saying worth their salt: which mean to be valuable derives from the custom of payment during the Empire.

